

Polish participation in the Einstein Telescope

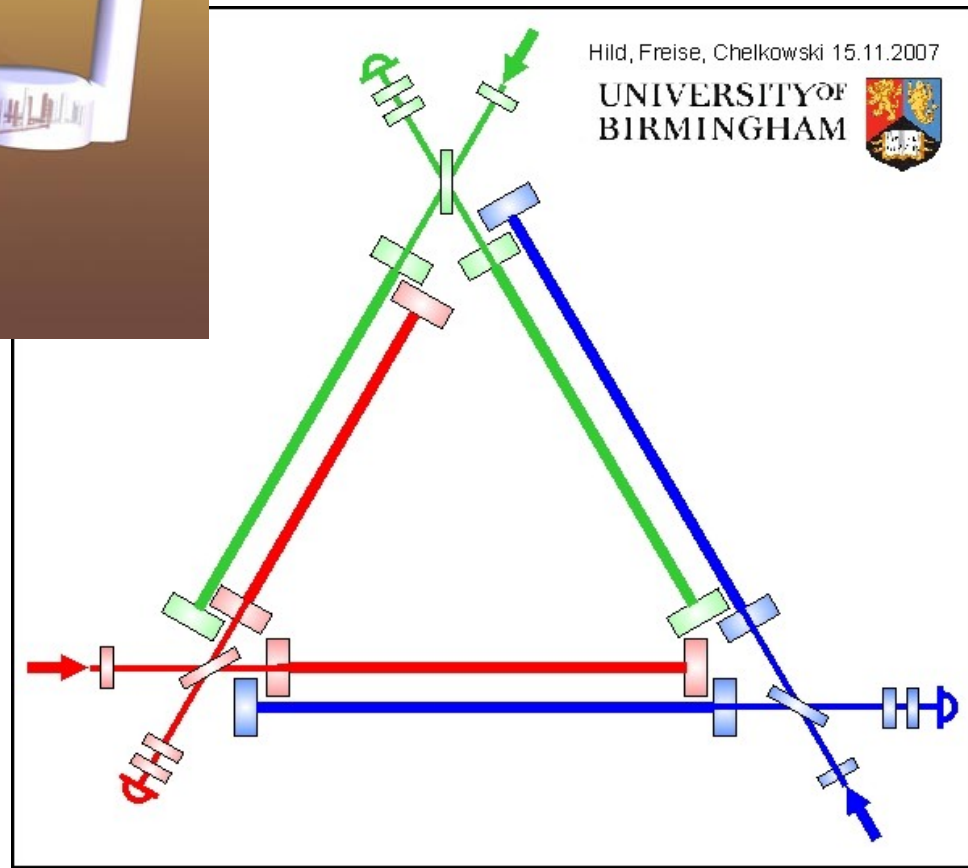
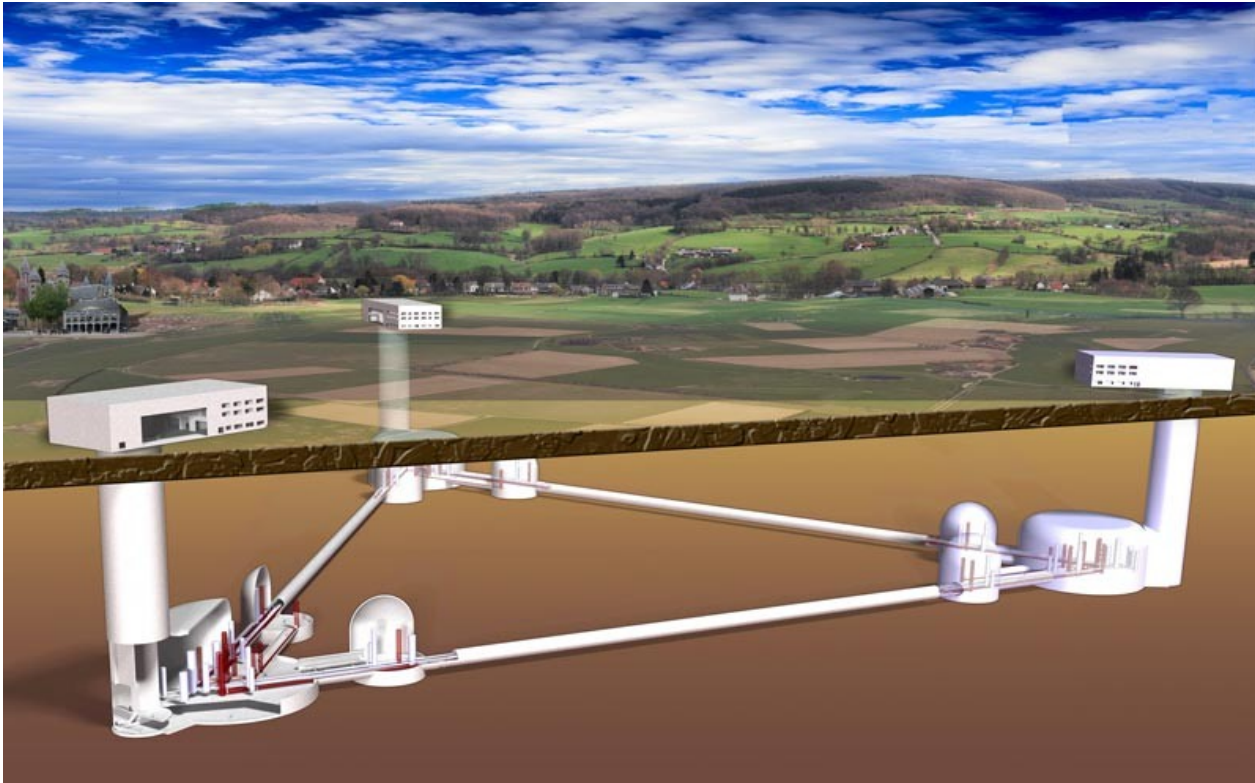
ET

EINSTEIN
TELESCOPE

Tomasz Bulik
University of Warsaw

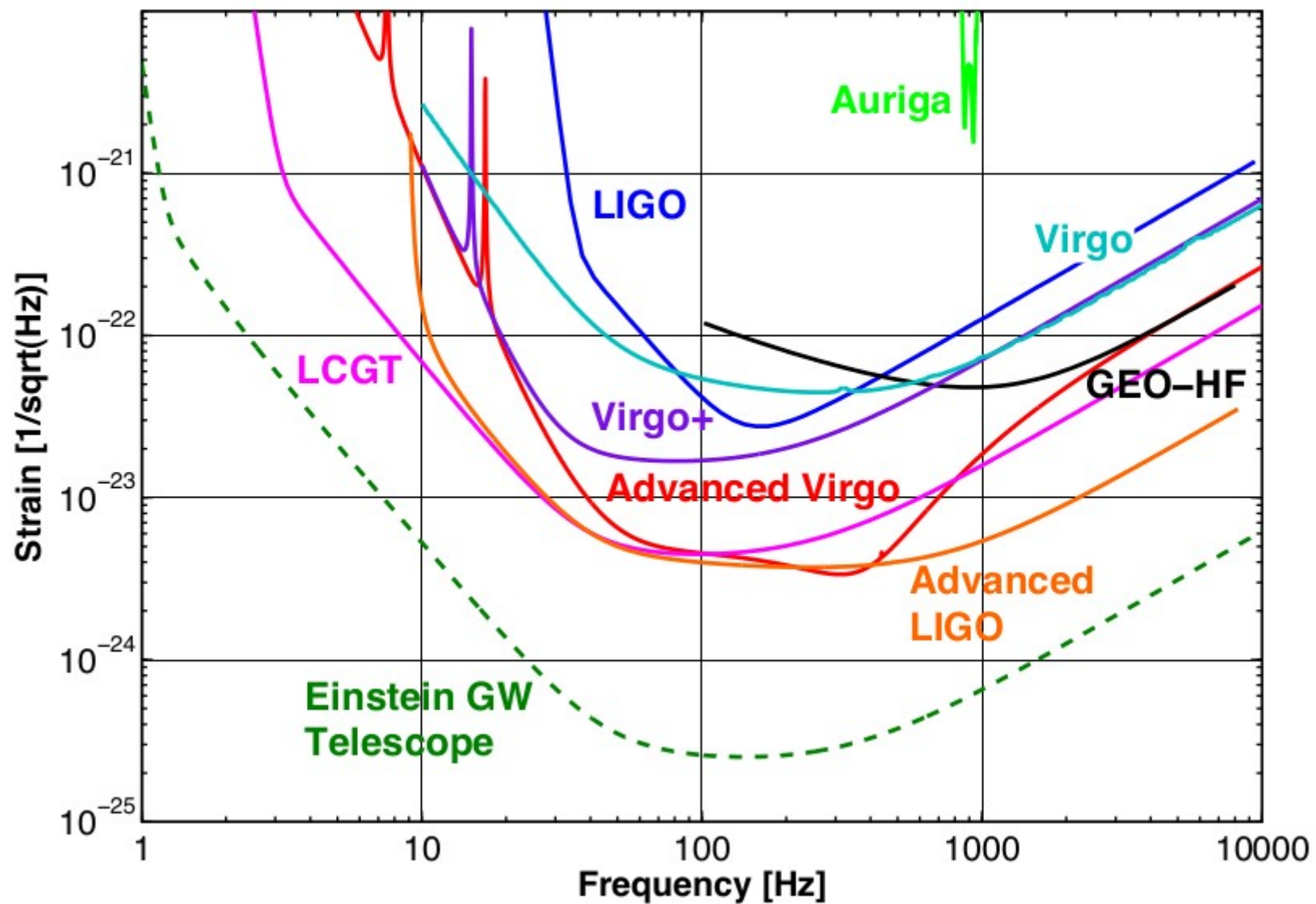


Einstein Telescope



Explore the possibilities provided by detection by three colocated interferometers

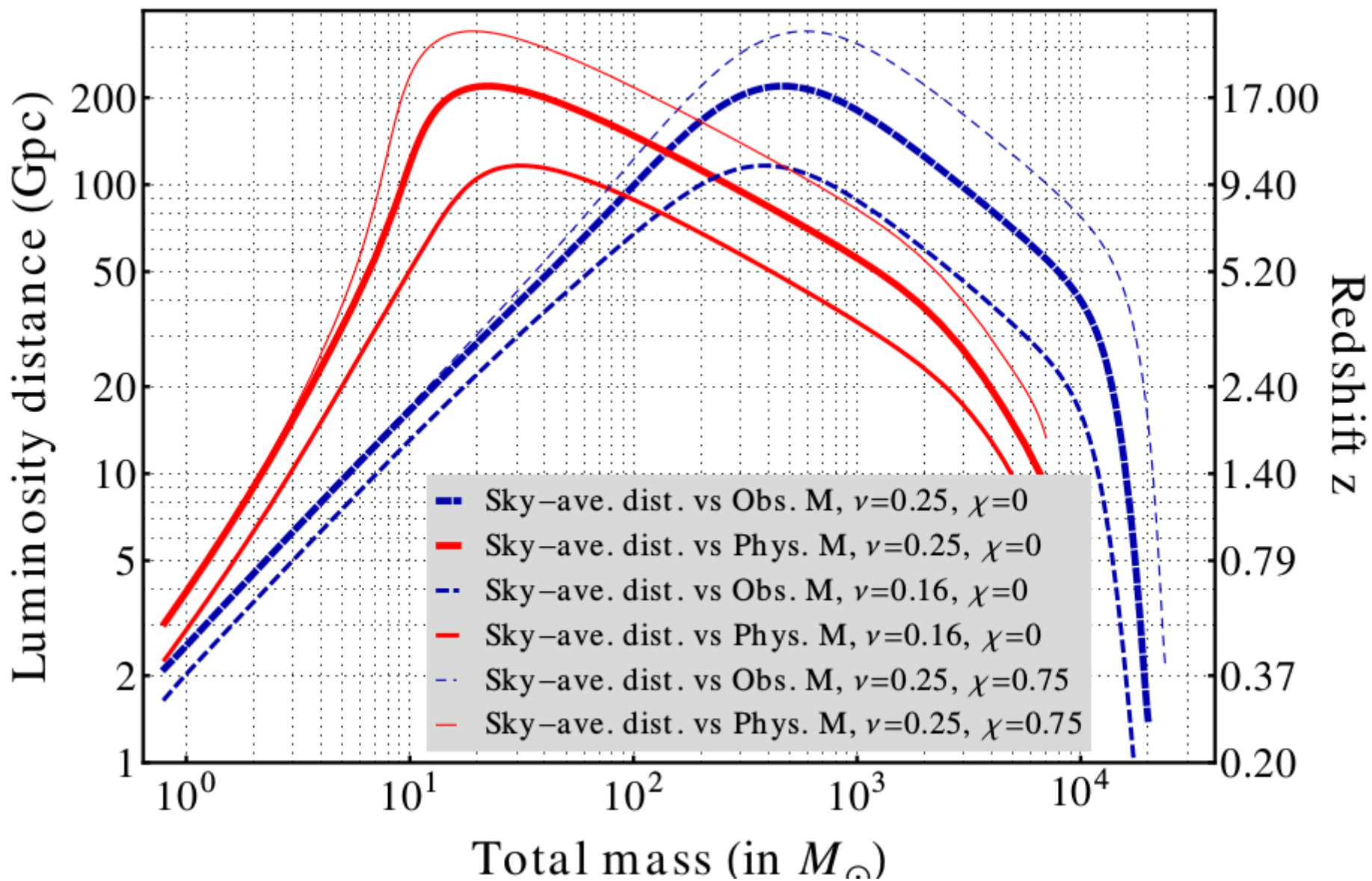
ET Sensitivity



What does it mean?

- Sensitivity ~100 times better than current detectors
- Volume roughly 10^6 times larger
- 30 seconds of ET time is equivalent to 1 year of LIGO/VIRGO data

ET range for coalescences



ET prospects

- Possibility of funding depends on the success of LIGO/VIRGO
- ET design summarized in the Design Study document <http://www.et-gw.eu/etdsdocument>
- Currently financed through ASPERA in several countries including Poland

Polish ET Consortium

- University of Warsaw
- Warsaw Technical University
- Institute of Mathematics, PAS
- Nicolaus Copernicus Astronomical Center, PAS
- University of Białystok
- University of Zielona Góra
- Silesian University

ET activities in Poland

- Theoretical studies:
 - Objects
 - Mock Data Challenge
- Site characterisation
 - Precise seismometers
 - Investigation of sites

Studies of astrophysical sources

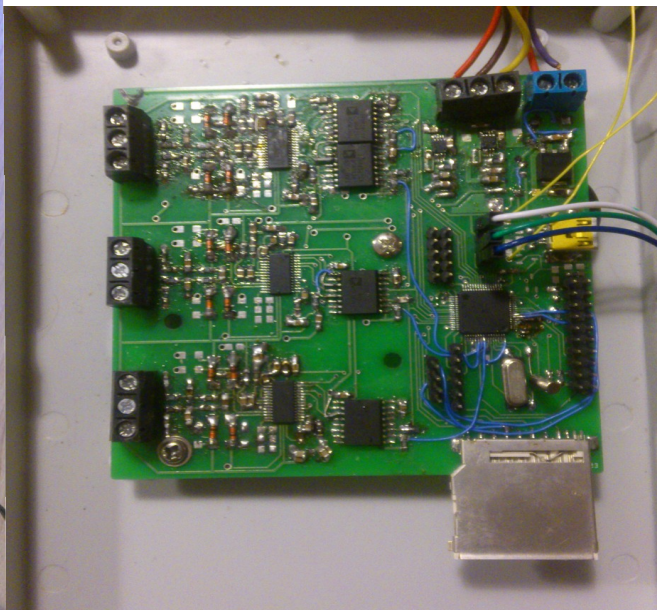
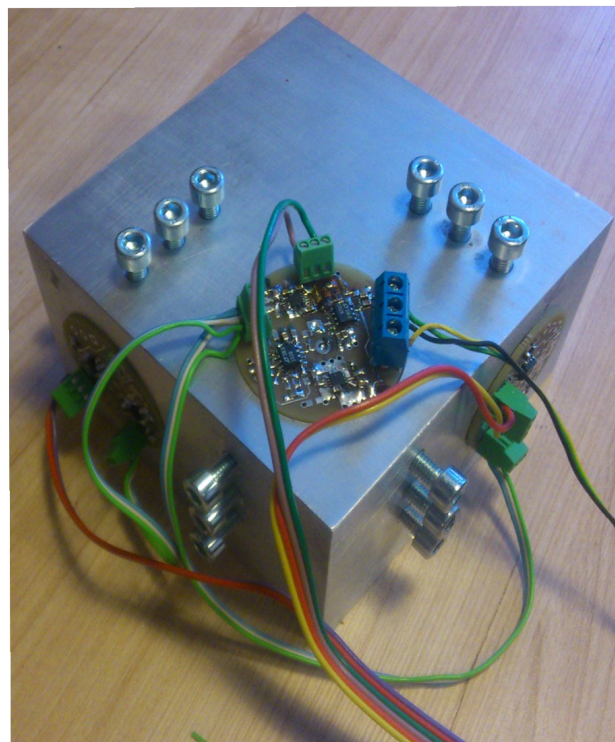
- Binaries - DNS, BBH, BHNS formation
- Pulsars and instabilities
- Unresolved backgrounds – from binaries, pulsars.
- Mock data challenge
 - Injection of sources
 - Data analysis pipelines

Seismic sensors

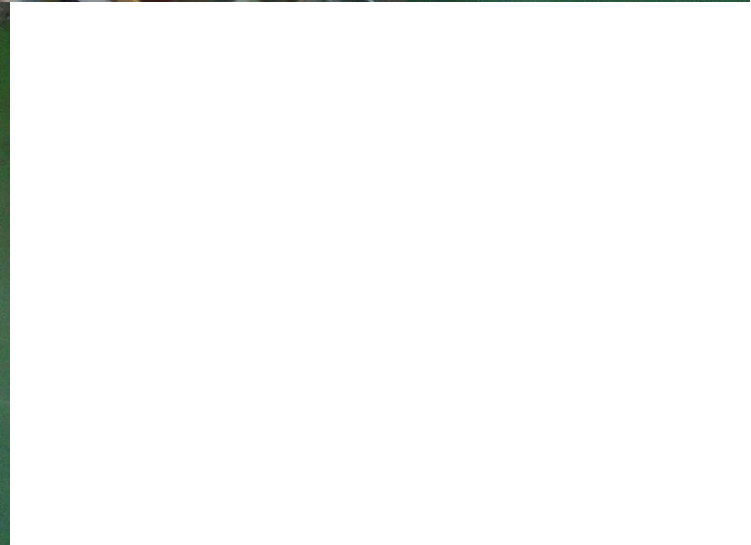
- Use geophone based sensors
- Develop custom electronics – amplifier, analog to digital converter, and data logger.
- Test, improve
- Mass produce sensors, and deploy at sites.

System properties

- 3x ADC, X Y Z axis
- sampling frequency 200 Hz, resolution 32 bit
- Data stored to SD card (~4 Gb per month),
32 Gb will last for 8 months

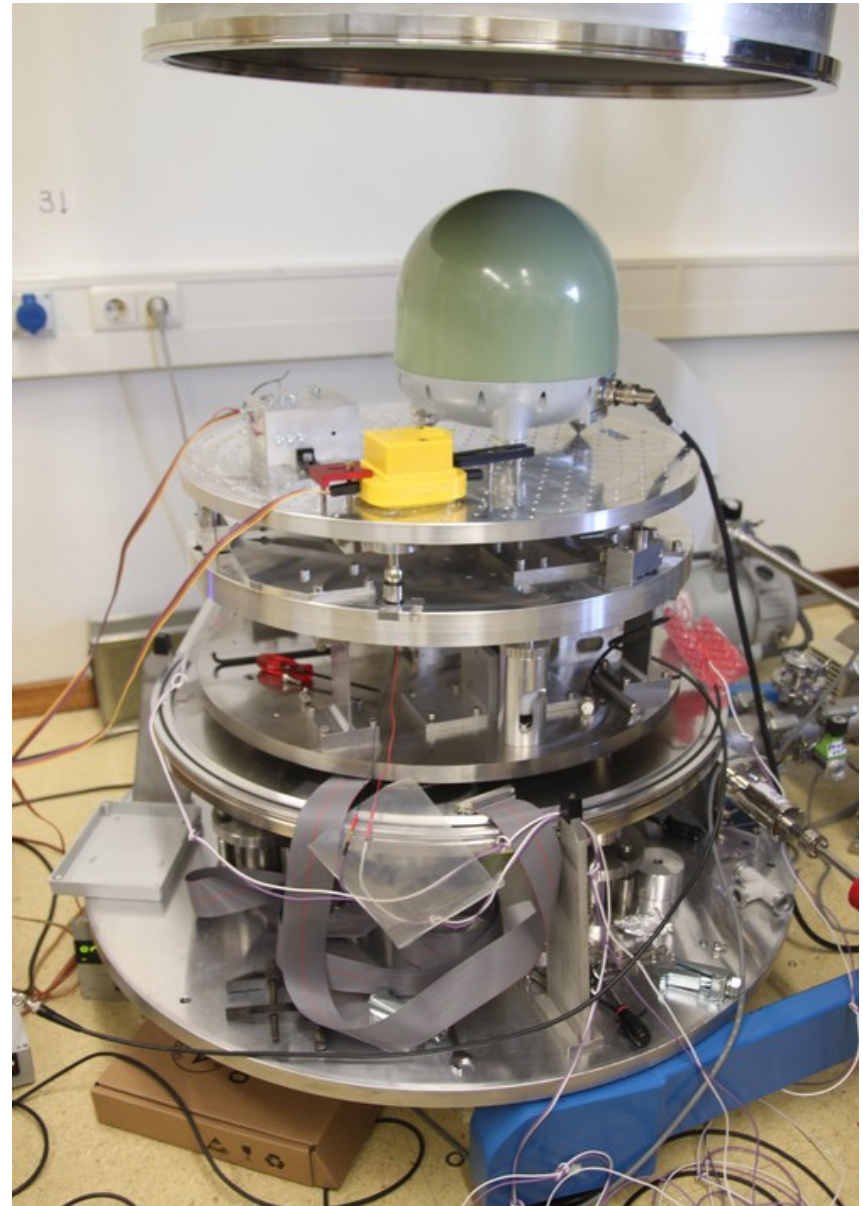


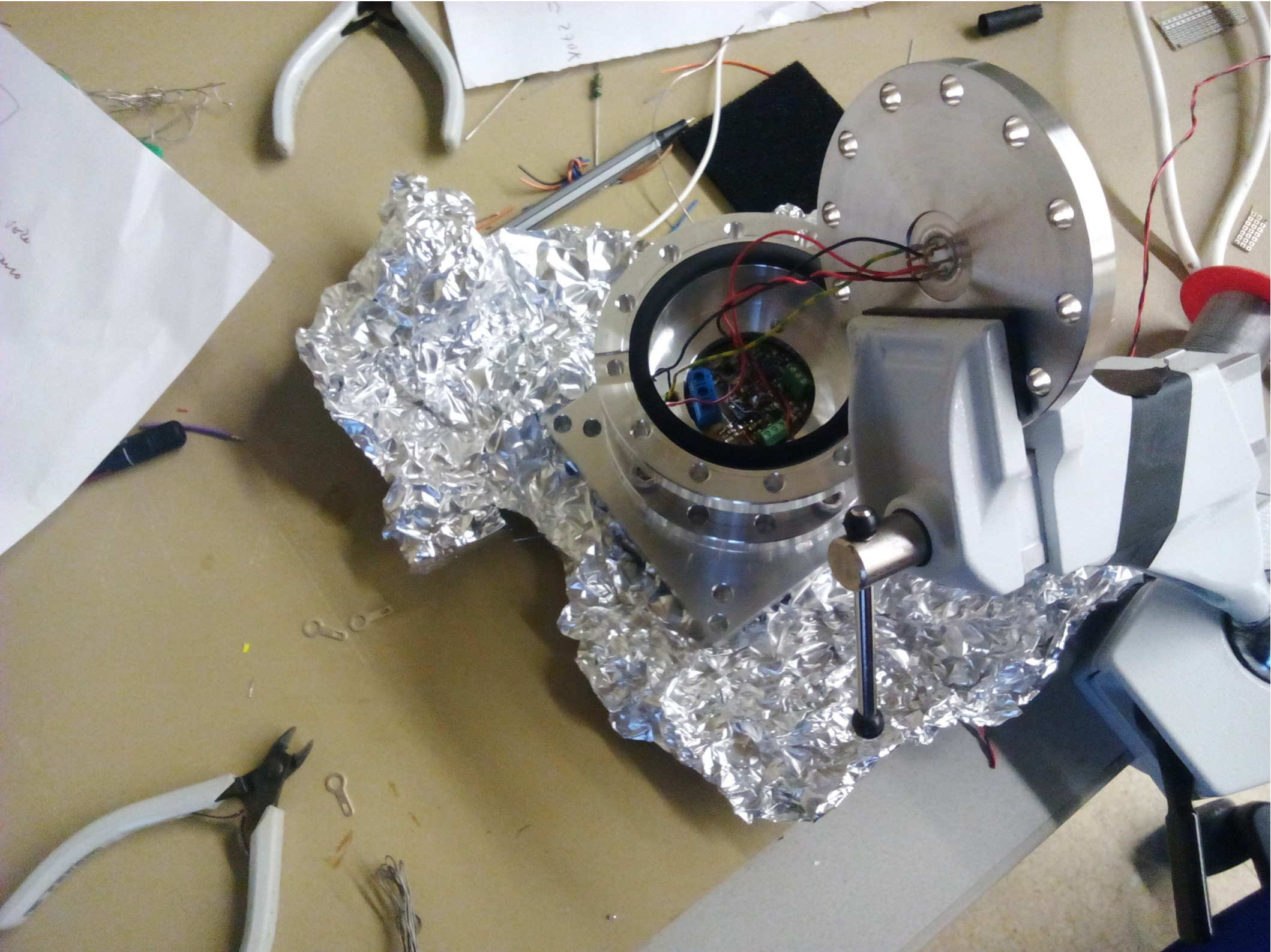
Mass production

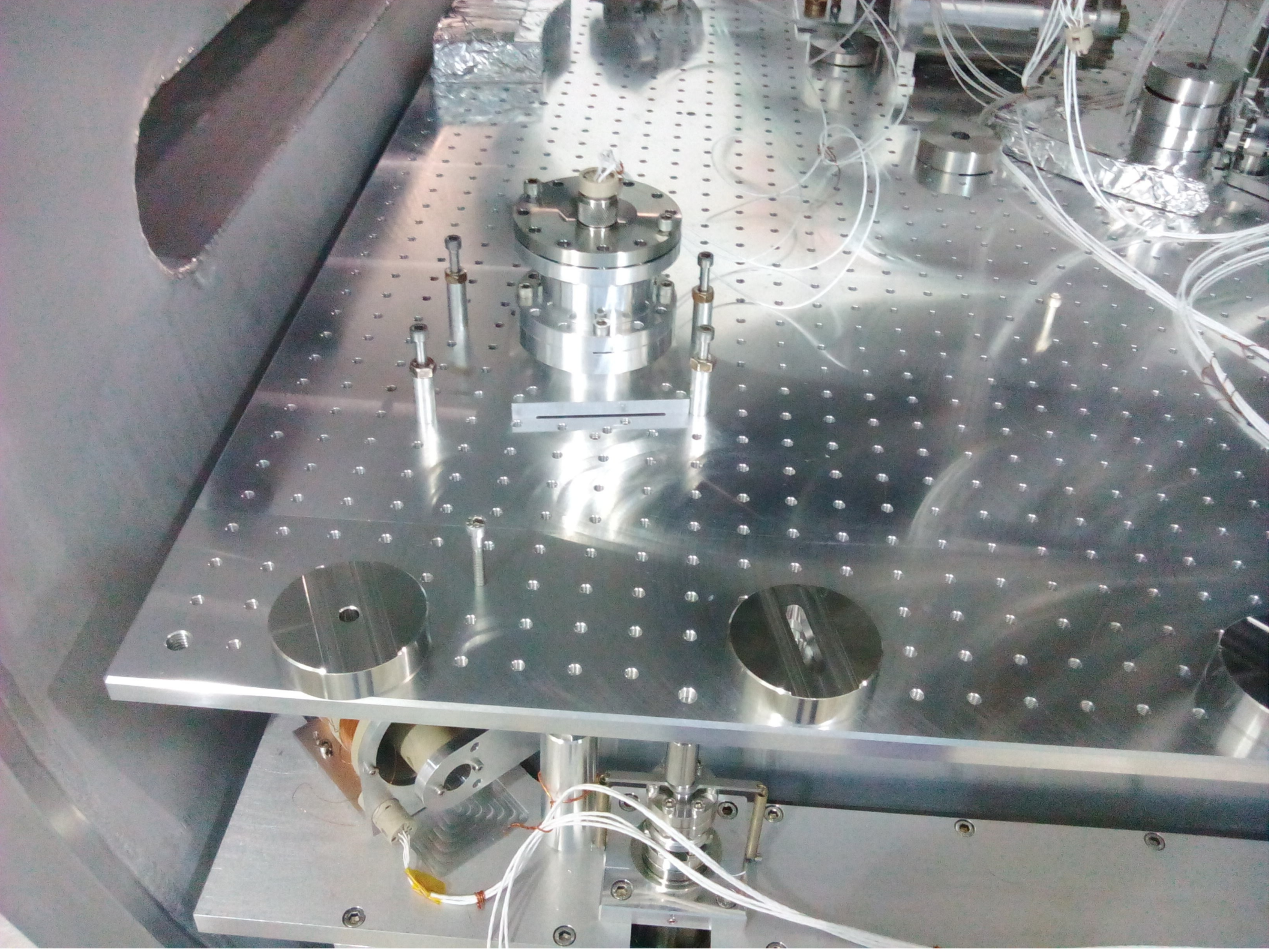


Tests and results

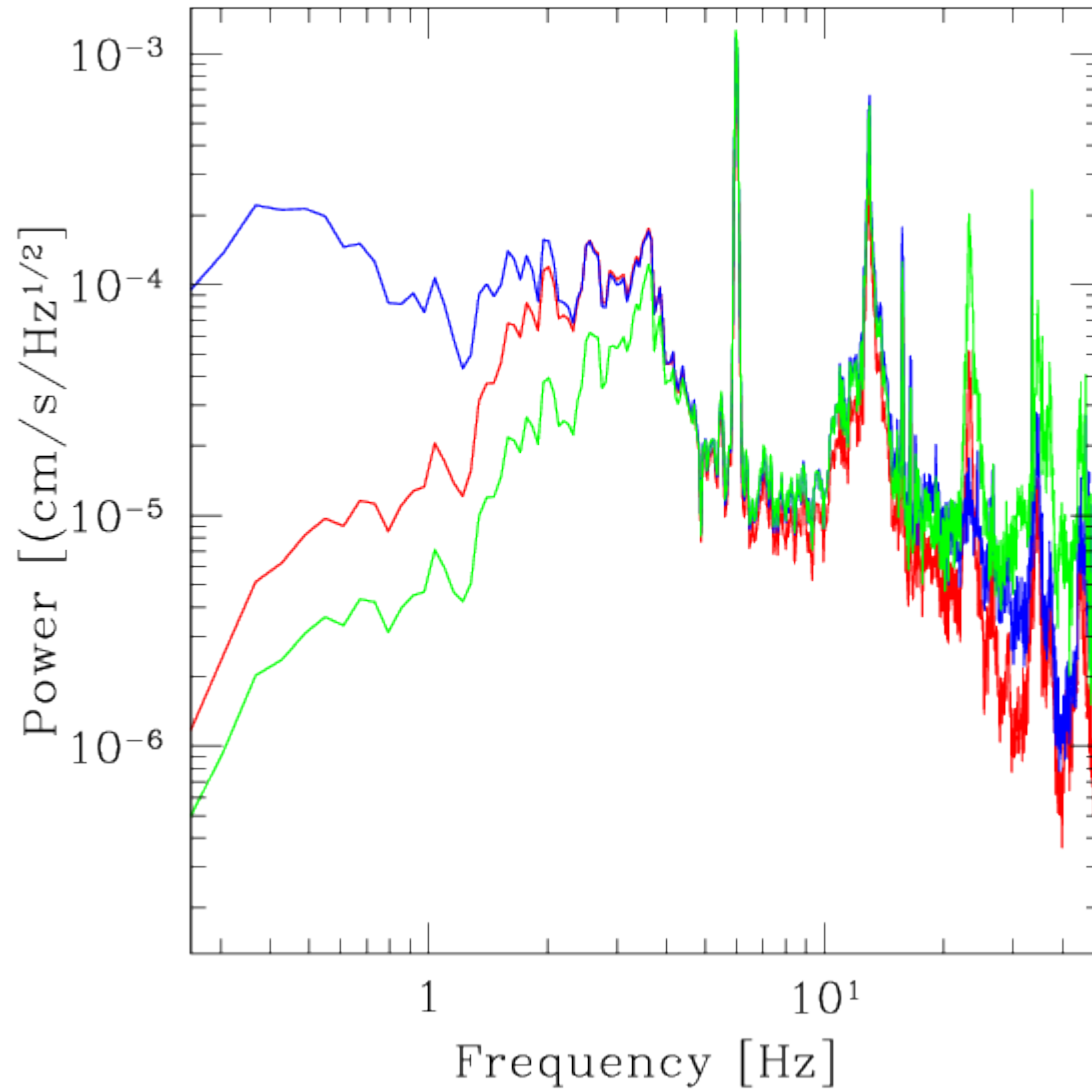
- Performed at NIKHEF, in Amsterdam
- Compared the sensors to Trillium 360.
- Noise tests in seismically isolated vacuum chamber.







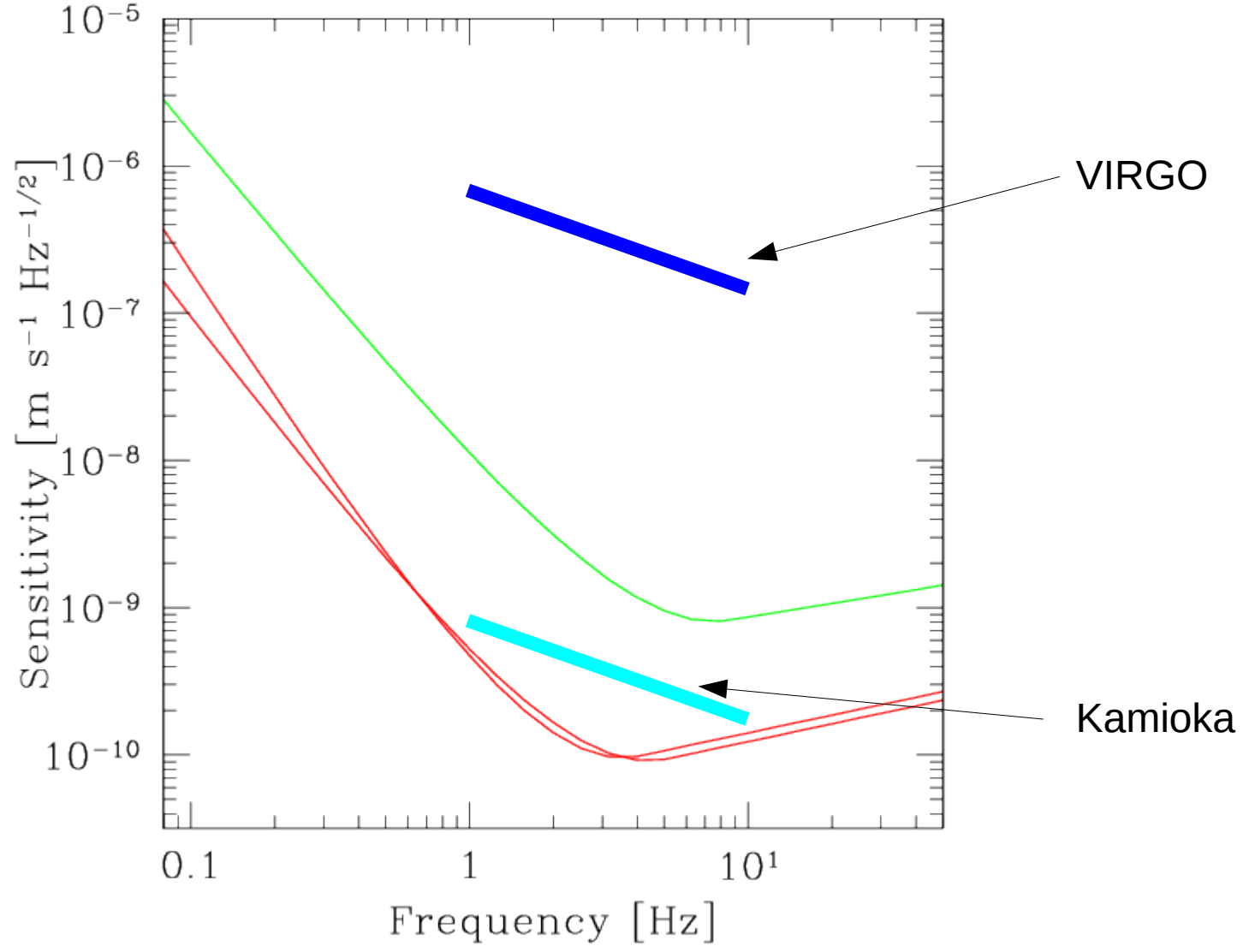
Signal measured



Sensitivity estimate

- Assume that noise is at the electronic level
- Trillium response is used as reference
- Calculate the sensitivity using the measured ratios.

Sensitivity



Current status

- Finishing assembly of 27 sensors
- Initial visit in a mine near Olkusz next week
- Plan deployment within two months

- Further steps:
 - Deployment in Hungary, Sardinia, Spain, Finland
 - Aim at gathering more than a year of data at each location

Next steps

- The project depends on LIGO/VIRGO success in the coming years
- Current financing runs out next year
- Very long term project

